

1966	Colostomy welfare group formed, changed its name in 1989 to the British Colostomy Association and then again in 2005 to Colostomy Association.
1969	Barbara Saunders: becomes the first Stoma Care Nurse in the UK at St Bartholomew Hospital, London.
1971	Urinary Conduct Association formed, changed its name in 1984 to Urostomy Association.
1972	First stoma care training course commenced at St Bartholomew Hospital.
1972	Brantley Scott: improved and developed the Foley process.
1978	Department of Health: circulated recommendations on provision of stoma care to all Health Authorities.
1980	Paul Mitrofanoff: began to use the appendix as a conduit (or channel) through which urine could pass and through which the patient could catheterize him or herself. He also for the first time spoke about a method for forming a flap valve between the bladder and the appendix to prevent the urine from spilling out between catheterizations (Reidmiller and Gerharz, 1995).
1992	Royal College of Nursing: produces Stoma Care Nursing standards.
1999	Inside Out Stoma Support Group formed at St Marks Hospital covering all forms of stomas.

Adapted from Devlin, B (1985) and others

	performed in the late 1880s in animals and in the 1890s in humans.
1884	Mayde: used a goose quill to support the colostomy loop.
1887	William Allingham: wrote about the surgery of double lumen loop Ostomy which he performed.
1913	Brown used temporary ileostomy for the management of ulcerative colitis.
1917	JP Lockhart-Mummery: reviewed 50 colostomies, and gave the first advice on stoma care.
1923	Hartmann: formation of the first end colostomy.
1927	Lockhart-Mummery: recommended the procedure of colostomy irrigation.
1944	Development of the Koenig bag reported by Strauss, rubber bag developed which adhered to the skin. Salts took over the English manufacturing in 1948.
1947	Foley: described an artificial sphincter devise to control incontinence via a pump in the pocket.
1949	Miller: in Canada first panproctocolostomy performed.
1950	Bricker: formed the first ileal conduit.
1952	Bryan Brooke: performed the eversion ileostomy.
1956	Ileostomy Association formed.
1958	Norma Gill: an ostomist becomes the first stoma therapist USA.

Development of Stoma Surgery and Stoma Care

Date:	Milestones
4 th Century BC	Praxagonis: 1 st bowel decompression via a colostomy which he closed after emptying bowel of its contents.
1707 -1709	Heister: performed enterostomy operating on battle casualties in Flanders.
1776	M Pillore: Caecostomy for obstructing carcinoma of the rectum
1793	Duret: Colostomy operation on a 3day old baby with imperforated anus, who survived.
1815	Freer: of Birmingham performed left iliac colostomy for an imperforated anus in a neonate.
1818	Freer: performed a left iliac colostomy in an adult with a rectal structure.
1820	Pring: left inguinal colostomy in a 64 year old woman with carcinomatous obstruction of the bowel.
1824	Matland: of Blackburn, left iliac colostomy for a 44 year old bookmaker with carcinomatous obstruction. Described the appliance used, which remained unaltered in principle until th 1950's.
1839	Amussat: reported 29 cases treated by colostomy, 4 babies and 5 adults survived.
1880	Augmentation cystoplasti with a segment of native tissue (usually an intestinal segment), was first